

Group actions on Polish space

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Winter School in Abstract Analysis
Štěkeň, 2 February 2023

Motivation

Question (Y. Kuznetsova)

For every null subset $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ there exists a subset $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ such that $A + S$ is nonmeasurable.

Theorem (Z. Kostana)

For every meager subset $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ there exists a subset $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ such that $A + S$ does not have the Baire property.

Cardinal coefficients

Definition

Let $I \subset \mathcal{P}(X)$ be a σ -ideal on a Polish space X . Assume that I has a Borel base and contains all singletons.

$$\text{cov}(I) = \min\{|\mathcal{A}| : \mathcal{A} \subset I \wedge \bigcup \mathcal{A} = X\},$$

$$\text{cov}_h(I) = \min\{|\mathcal{A}| : (\mathcal{A} \subset I) \wedge (\exists B \in \mathcal{B}(X) \setminus I) (B \subseteq \bigcup \mathcal{A})\},$$

$$\text{cof}(I) = \min\{|\mathcal{A}| : \mathcal{A} \subset I \wedge \mathcal{A} \text{ is a Borel base of } I\},$$

$$\text{non}(I) = \min\{|A| : A \subseteq X \wedge A \notin I\}.$$

Let X - Polish space, I σ -ideal with Borel base containing all singletons. Define

$$\mathcal{B}_I^+(X) = \text{Bor}(X) \setminus I$$

and

$$\text{cof}(\mathcal{B}_I^+(X)) = \min\{|\mathcal{A}| : \mathcal{A} \subset \mathcal{B}_I^+(X) \wedge \mathcal{A} \text{ is a base of } \mathcal{B}_I^+(X)\}.$$

We have $\text{cof}(\mathcal{B}_I^+(X)) \leq \mathfrak{c}$.

Moreover, $\text{cof}(\mathcal{N}) = \text{cof}(\mathcal{B}_{\mathcal{N}}^+)(X)$ and $\text{cof}(\mathcal{M}) = \text{cof}(\mathcal{B}_{\mathcal{M}}^+)(X)$,
(due to Cichoń, Kamburelis and Pawlikowski)

Definition (Polish ideal space)

We say that a pair (X, I) is a Polish ideal space iff

- ▶ X is an uncountable Polish space,
- ▶ $I \subset \mathcal{P}(X)$ is a σ -ideal containing singletons and having a Borel base.

Examples:

- ▶ (X, \mathcal{M}) - Polish ideal space, where X is a Polish space, \mathcal{M} is σ -ideal of meager sets,
- ▶ (X, \mathcal{N}) - Polish ideal space, where $X = \mathbb{R}, [0, 1]$ and \mathcal{N} σ -ideal of null subsets with respect to Lebesgue measure,
- ▶ $(2^\omega, \mathcal{N})$ where \mathcal{N} - σ -ideal of null subsets with respect to Haar measure.

The cardinal coefficients connected to \mathcal{M} and \mathcal{N} do not depend on X .

Moreover $cov(\mathcal{M}) = cov_h(\mathcal{M}), cov(\mathcal{N}) = cov_h(\mathcal{N})$.

Definition (Polish ideal group)

We say that a triple (G, \cdot, J) is a Polish ideal group if (G, J) is a Polish ideal space and (G, \cdot) is a Polish group.

If X is a compact Polish space then $\mathcal{H}(X)$ with compact-open topology is a Polish group.

Definition

Let (X, I) be a Polish ideal space. We say that $C \subseteq X$ is completely I -nonmeasurable in X iff

$$(\forall B \in \mathcal{B}_I^+(X)) (B \cap C \neq \emptyset \wedge B \cap C^c \neq \emptyset).$$

- ▶ $A \subseteq 2^\omega$ is completely *ctbl*-nonmeasurable iff A is Bernstein set,
- ▶ $A \subseteq 2^\omega$ is completely \mathcal{N} -nonmesurable iff $\lambda_*(A) = 0$ and $\lambda^*(A) = 1$.

Theorem

Let (X, I) be a Polish ideal space and (G, \cdot, J) be an uncountable Polish ideal group acting on X . Assume that there are bases $\mathcal{B}_G \subset \mathcal{B}_J^+(G)$ and $\mathcal{B}_X \subset \mathcal{B}_I^+(X)$ with

$$|\mathcal{B}_G| = |\mathcal{B}_X| \leq |\{Gb : b \in B\}|.$$

Then there exists a completely J -nonmeasurable subgroup $H \leq G$ and a pairwise disjoint family $\{A_\alpha : \alpha < \text{cof}(\mathcal{B}_I^+(X))\} \subset \mathcal{P}(X)$ such that:

1. $(\forall \alpha < \text{cof}(\mathcal{B}_I^+(X))) A_\alpha, HA_\alpha$ are completely I -nonmeasurable in X ,
2. $(\forall \alpha, \beta) \alpha < \beta < \text{cof}(\mathcal{B}_I^+(X)) \rightarrow HA_\alpha \cap HA_\beta = \emptyset$.

Corollary

$$G = \{T_X : X \in \mathcal{P}(\{n \in \omega : n \equiv 0 \pmod{2}\})\} \leq \text{Iso}(2^\omega),$$

where for any $x \in 2^\omega$ and $n \in \omega$

$$T_X(x)(n) = \begin{cases} x(n) & \text{when } n \notin X \\ 1 - x(n) & \text{when } n \in X. \end{cases}$$

Then there is a subgroup H of G and family

$\{A_\alpha \subset 2^\omega : \alpha < \text{cof}(\mathcal{M})\}$ such that

- ▶ HA_α are completely \mathcal{M} -nonmeasurable in the Cantor space 2^ω for any $\alpha < \text{cof}(\mathcal{M})$,
- ▶ $\{HA_\alpha : \alpha < \text{cof}(\mathcal{M})\}$ forms a pairwise disjoint family of subsets of the Cantor space.

Theorem

Let (X, I) be a Polish ideal space. Assume that (G, \cdot, J) forms a Polish ideal group acting on X . If for some (every) $x \in X$ $Gx = X$ and

$$(\exists \lambda < 2^\omega)(\forall x, y \in X) x \neq y \rightarrow |G_{x,y}| \leq \lambda$$

where $G_{x,y} = \{g \in G : y = gx\}$ then there exists a subgroup $H \leq G$ and a subset $A \subset X$ such that A and HA are completely I -nonmeasurable sets in X and H is completely J -nonmeasurable in G .

Corollary

Let (G, \cdot, J) be a Polish ideal group. Then there exist $H < G$ and $A \subseteq G$ such that H, A, HA are completely J -nonmeasurable.

Theorem

Let (G, \cdot, J) be a Polish ideal group which acts on a Polish ideal space (X, I) . Let us assume that

1. $\text{cov}_h(J) = \text{cof}(\mathcal{B}_J^+(G)) = \text{cof}(\mathcal{B}_I^+(X))$,
2. there exists $G' \subseteq G$ with $G \setminus G' \in J$ such that for any $n \in \omega$, $s \in \mathbb{Z}^n$ and for every $g \in G'$, $a \in G'^n$ the following condition holds:

$$S_{a,s,g} = \{h \in G : \prod_{i \in n} a_i \cdot h^{s_i} = g\} \in J,$$

3. there exists $X' \subseteq X$ such that $X \setminus X' \in I$ such that for any $n \in \omega$, $s \in \mathbb{Z}^n$, for every $a \in G'^n$ and every $x, y \in X'$ the following condition holds:

$$T_{a,s,x,y} = \{h \in G : (\prod_{i \in n} a_i \cdot h^{s_i})x = y\} \in J.$$

Then there is a completely J -nonmeasurable subgroup $H \leq G$ and a completely I -nonmeasurable subset $A \subseteq X$ such that HA is completely I -nonmeasurable in the space X .

Proposition

Let (G, \cdot) be an uncountable Polish group. Fix $n \in \omega$, $s \in \mathbb{Z}^n$. Then there exists comeager $G' \subseteq G$ such that for every $g \in G'$, $a \in G'^n$ the following set

$$\{h \in G : \prod_{i \in n} a_i \cdot h^{s_i} = g\}$$

is meager.

Proposition

Let (G, \cdot) be an uncountable Polish group acting on an uncountable Polish space X . Fix $n \in \omega$, $s \in \mathbb{Z}^n$. Then there exists comeager $G' \subseteq G$ and comeager $X' \subseteq X$ such that for every $a \in G'^n$ and every $x, y \in X'$ the following set

$$T_{a,s,x,y} = \{h \in G : (\prod_{i \in n} a_i \cdot h^{s_i})x = y\}$$

is meager.

Corollary





Assume that

- ▶ $\text{cov}(\mathcal{M}) = \text{cof}(\mathcal{M})$,
- ▶ X be a compact Polish space without isolated points,
- ▶ $\mathcal{H}(X)$ space of all homeomorphisms of X .

Then there are $H \leq \mathcal{H}(X)$ and $A \subseteq X$ such that

- ▶ H is completely \mathcal{M} -nonmeasurable subgroup in $\mathcal{H}(X)$,
- ▶ A and HA are completely \mathcal{M} -nonmeasurable in X .

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Thank You